Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

KM Liquids Terminals LLC

Site Name: Kinder Morgan Export Terminal Physical Location: 701 Light Company Road Nearest City: Pasadena County: Harris

> Permit Number: O3875 Project Type: Initial Issuance

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code: 4226 SIC Name: Special Warehousing and Storage

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). An application for initial permit issuance has been submitted in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected:

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: July 19, 2016

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

KM Liquids Terminal LLC owns and operates the storage and marine loading terminals in Pasadena, Harris County, Texas. The Kinder Morgan Export Terminal is a newly constructed export terminal located at 901 Light Company Road on the Houston Ship Channel, across from Galena Park Terminal. Kinder Morgan Export Terminal (KMET) stores select finished refinery products prior to transfer off-site via pipeline or marine vessel. When completed, the Kinder Morgan Export Terminal will operate fifteen storage tanks, four vapor combustion units, ship and barge loading docks, and other ancillary equipment.

As its main service, KMET leases storage tanks to store petroleum products on a short term or long term basis. Based on the need of the product owner, the facility experiences continual changes in petroleum products in storage tank service. The petroleum products may arrive by pipeline or marine vessels and are routed into appropriately equipped storage tanks compatible with each product. As requested by the product owner, the petroleum products are pumped out of the tank into pipelines or marine vessels. All loading operations incorporate vapor collection and vapor control systems as necessary.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants VOC, 1	NOX, HAPS, CO

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - o Compliance Requirements
 - o Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - Permit Location

- o Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - o Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o Permit Shield
 - New Source Review Authorization References
 - Compliance Plan
 - o Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - o Acronym list

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow

rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing

vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	No
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	No
CAIR (Clean Air Interstate Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
FIRE1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	117-01	Type of Service = New, modified, reconstructed or relocated diesel fuel-fired engine, placed into service on or after October 1, 2001, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average	
FIRE1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60Ш-01	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 450 KW and less than or equal to 560 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2015.	
FIRE1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
FIRE2	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	117-01	Type of Service = New, modified, reconstructed or relocated diesel fuel-fired engine, placed into service on or after October 1, 2001, located in the Houston/Galveston/Brazoria ozone nonattainment area, operated less than 100 hours/year, on a rolling 12-month average	
FIRE2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-01	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 450 KW and less than or equal to 560 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2015.	
FIRE2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-01	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
1-1	30 TAC		Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
1-1	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-05	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
1-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R	63R-02	Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
1-2	30 TAC	115-04	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			gallons	
1-2	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-05	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
1-2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R	63R-02	Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
1-3	30 TAC	115-04	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
1-3	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-05	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
1-3	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R	63R-02	Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
15-301	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
15-301	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
15-301	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	VOCs		criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
15-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
15-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
15-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb	Kb	Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
15-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
15-301	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
185-301	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-301	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-301	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
		Product Stored = VOC other th	Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**									
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal										
185-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)										
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)										
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia										
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal										
185-301	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)										
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.										
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal										
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb										
185-302	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.										
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of	Storage of		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
				Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)									
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia										
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate										
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons										
185-302	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.										
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.										
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)										
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia										
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate										
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons										
185-302	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.										
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.										
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)										
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia										
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate										

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**				
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons					
185-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid					
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)					
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia					
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal					
185-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid					
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)					
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia					
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal					
185-302	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)					
		Subpart Kb	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)			
						Maximum True Vapor Pres but less than 11.1 psia	Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
								Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
185-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)					
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)					
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia					
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal					
185-302	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)					
	Subpart R	Afternate Means of	Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.					
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal					
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb					
185-303	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.					
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.					
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)					
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia					
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate					

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-303	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-303	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
				Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-303	40 CFR Part 60,		Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-303	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-303	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-303	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-303	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
185-304	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-304	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-304	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-304	40 CFR Part 60,		Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-304	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
185-305	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-305	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-305	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-305	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-305	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-305	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-305	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-305	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
185-306	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-306	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-306	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
185-306	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb	part Kb Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39	Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-306	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-306	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-306	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
185-306	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
5-301	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
5-301	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
5-301	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.		
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.		
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)		
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia		
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate		
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons		
5-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid		
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)		
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia		
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal		
5-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid		
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)		
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia		
				Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
5-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)		
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)		
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia		
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal		
5-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)		
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)		
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia		
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal		
5-301	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)		
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.		
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal		
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
85-301	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-301	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-301	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	Storage of de	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-301	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-301	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
85-302	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-302	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-302	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-302	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-302	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R	Afternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using all a	Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
85-303	30 TAC	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-303	30 TAC	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-303	30 TAC	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-303	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
		Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-303	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-303	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
85-303	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate) Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical	
			shoe seal	
85-303	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters) Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R. Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
85-304	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-01	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-304	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-02	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-304	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-03	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later. Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
85-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-01	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal.	
85-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-02	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-304	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-03	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
85-304	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-04	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
		Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equebut less than 0.75 psia	Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.5 psia but less than 0.75 psia	
				Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
85-304	40 CFR Part 63,	63R-01	Storage Capacity = Capacity is at least 20,000 gallons (75,708 liters)	
	Subpart R		Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = Not using an alternate means of emission limitation (AMEL) as it pertains to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R.	
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal	
			Subject to NSPS Kb = Storage vessel is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	
CON-1	30 TAC	115-06	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a vapor combustor.	
	Chapter 115, Loading and	pter 115,	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Marine terminal	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = Using the 90% overall control option specified in 30 TAC § 115.213(d).	
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.	
			Product Transferred = Gasoline	
			Marine Terminal Exemptions = The marine terminal is not claiming one or more of the exemptions in 30 TAC \S 115.217(a)(5)(B).	
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.0 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since $30 \text{ TAC} \S 115.217(a)(2)(B)$, $(b)(3)(B)$, $(a)(2)(A)$, and $(b)(3)(A)$ exemptions do not apply to marine terminals or gasoline terminals.	
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
CON-1	30 TAC	115-07	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a vapor combustor.	
	Chapter 115, Loading and		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Marine terminal	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = Using the 90% overall control option specified in 30 TAC § 115.213(d).	
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.	
			Marine Terminal Exemptions = The marine terminal is not claiming one or more of the exemptions in 30 TAC \S 115.217(a)(5)(B).	
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 11.0 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC \S 115.217(a)(2)(B), (b)(3)(B), (a)(2)(A), and (b)(3)(A) exemptions do not apply to marine terminals or gasoline terminals.	
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
CON-1	40 CFR Part 63,	63Y-01	CEMS = Continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) is not being used.	
	Subpart Y	miles from shore).	Subpart Y Facility Type = New onshore loading terminal (located onshore or less than 0.5 miles from shore).	
			Ballasting Operations = Operations other than or in addition to ballasting operations are performed at the facility.	
			Vapor Balancing System = Emissions are not reduced by a vapor balancing system.	
			Documenting Vapor Tightness = Electing to comply with the vapor tightness documentation in 40 CFR 63.567(b)(5)(ii).	
			Vapor Pressure = Vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 10.3 kilopascals (1.5 psia) at standard conditions, 20° C and 760 mm Hg.	
			Subpart BB Applicability = Marine vessel loading operations are not subject to and complying with 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.	
		Subpart Y Control Device Type = Combustion d	Subpart Y Control Device Type = Combustion device other than flare or boiler.	
			Material Loaded = Gasoline.	
			HAP Impurities Only = Marine vessel loading operations at loading berths transfer liquids containing organic hazardous air pollutants other than as impurities.	
			Performance Test = Baseline temperature from performance test.	
			Alternate Monitoring = Complying with the control device specific monitoring procedures in 40 CFR § 63.564.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Source Emissions = Source with emissions less than 10 and 25 tons.	
			Alternate Test Procedure = Complying with the test procedures in 40 CFR § 63.565.	
			Throughput = Source with throughput of 10 M barrels or 200 M barrels.	
			Vent Stream By-Pass = There are no valves that could route displaced vapors to the atmosphere.	
CON-1	40 CFR Part 63,	63Y-02	CEMS = Continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) is not being used.	
	Subpart Y		Subpart Y Facility Type = New onshore loading terminal (located onshore or less than 0.5 miles from shore).	
			Ballasting Operations = Operations other than or in addition to ballasting operations are performed at the facility.	
			Vapor Balancing System = Emissions are not reduced by a vapor balancing system.	
			Documenting Vapor Tightness = Electing to comply with the vapor tightness documentation in 40 CFR 63.567(b)(5)(ii).	
			Vapor Pressure = Vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 10.3 kilopascals (1.5 psia) at standard conditions, 20° C and 760 mm Hg.	
			Subpart BB Applicability = Marine vessel loading operations are not subject to and complying with 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.	
			Subpart Y Control Device Type = Combustion device other than flare or boiler.	
			Material Loaded = Material other than crude oil or gasoline.	
			HAP Impurities Only = Marine vessel loading operations at loading berths transfer liquids containing organic hazardous air pollutants other than as impurities.	
			Performance Test = Baseline temperature from performance test.	
			Alternate Monitoring = Complying with the control device specific monitoring procedures in 40 CFR § 63.564.	
			Source Emissions = Source with emissions less than 10 and 25 tons.	
			Alternate Test Procedure = Complying with the test procedures in 40 CFR § 63.565.	
			Vent Stream By-Pass = There are no valves that could route displaced vapors to the atmosphere.	
CON-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Y	63Y-03	Subpart Y Facility Type = New onshore loading terminal (located onshore or less than 0.5 miles from shore).	
			Ballasting Operations = Operations other than or in addition to ballasting operations are performed at the facility.	
			Vapor Pressure = Vapor pressure is less than 10.3 kilopascals (1.5 psia) at standard conditions, 20° C and 760 mm Hg.	
LOADFUG	30 TAC	115-05	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Marine terminal	
	Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
	VOC		Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.	
FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, HRVOC Fugitive Emissions	115-FUG	Title 30 TAC §115.780 Applicable = The fugitive unit does not contain a defined process or does not contain Highly Reactive VOC.	
FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	115-FUG	Title 30 TAC § 115.352 Applicable = Site is not a petroleum refinery, synthetic organic chemical, polymer resin or methyl tert-butyl ether manufacturing process nor a natural gas/gasoline processing operation as defined in 30 TAC 115.10.	
FUG	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart J	61J-FUG	40 CFR 61 (NESHAP) SUBPART J DESIGN CAPACITY = SITE IS DESIGNED TO PRODUCE OR USE 1,000 MEGAGRAMS OF BENZENE PER YEAR OR LESS	
SUMP-1&2	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	111-SUMP	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of $\S 111.111(a)(1)(D)$, or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in $\S 111.111(a)(3)$.	
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP-VCU	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	117-02	Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.340(a) or 117.440(a)	Monitoring/Testing - §117.8120, §117.8120(2), §117.8120(2)(A)(G) and §117.8120(2)(B) for 30 TAC 8120 were removed since unit GRP-VCU is not one of those listed in 30 TAC 117.340(c)(1).
			Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr	
			CO Emission Limitation = Complying with 30 TAC § 117.310(c)(1)	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Complying with 30 TAC § 117.310(a)(16)	
			CO Monitoring System = Sampling CO with a portable analyzer under 30 TAC § 117.8120(2)	
			$NOx Reduction = No NO_x reduction method$	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system complying with 40 CFR Part 75 requirements under 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(5)	

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply ** - Notes changes made to the automated results from the DSS, and a brief explanation why

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued
of an existing facility	after operation commences; significant revisions require
	approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not
	authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by
environment and human health by conducting a	the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as
health effects review and that requirement for	authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in
best available control technology (BACT) is	place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
implemented.	
Up to two Public notices may be required.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public
Opportunity for public comment and contested	comments. No contested case hearings.
case hearings for some authorizations.	
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major
	sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of
individual emission sources	multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the
which the applicant must construct and operate	general operational requirements of the site; and also
its various equipment and processes on a facility	include codification of all applicable requirements for
basis.	emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and	a Public petition period for every FOP.
Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	
Permits have a table listing maximum emission	Permit has an applicable requirements table and
limits for pollutants	Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance
	Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable
	monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon	Permits can be revised through several revision
application by company. Permits must be issued	processes, which provide for different levels of public
before construction or modification of facilities	notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that
can begin.	would be significant revisions require that a revised
	permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list
requirements.	of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106list/index106.html

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site: www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

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The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.

Authorization No.: 110945 Issuance Date: 03/04/2015

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information					
ID No.: GRP-VCU					
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A				
Applicable Regulatory Requirement					
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	SOP Index No.: 117-02				
Pollutant: CO	Main Standard: § 117.310(c)(1)				
Monitoring Information					
Indicator: Fuel Usage, CO Emission Factor.					
Minimum Frequency: Monthly					
Averaging Period: N/A					
Deviation Limit: Maximum CO Concentration - 400 ppmv @ 3.0% O2, dry basis.					
Basis of monitoring: The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. In addition, if the CO concentration is too high it shows that a control device such as a catalytic converter is not functioning					

properly or an emission unit is not obtaining complete combustion.

Compliance Review	
1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on July 18, 2016.	
Site rating:/ <u>Unclassified</u> Company rating:2.27 / <u>Satisfactory</u>	
(High < 0.10 ; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55 ; Unsatisfactory > 55)	
2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?	No
Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review	
1. Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS?	No
2. Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit?	No
Available Unit Attribute Forms	
OP-UA1 - Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes	
OP-UA2 - Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes	
OP-UA3 - Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes	
OP-UA4 - Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes	
OP-UA5 - Process Heater/Furnace Attributes	
OP-UA6 - Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes	
OP-UA7 - Flare Attributes	
OP-UA8 - Coal Preparation Plant Attributes	
OP-UA9 - Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes	
OP-UA10 - Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes	
OP-UA11 - Stationary Turbine Attributes	
OP-UA12 - Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes	
OP-UA13 - Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes OP-UA14 - Water Separator Attributes	
OP-UA14 - Water Separator Attributes OP-UA15 - Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes	
OP-UA16 - Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes	
OP-UA17 - Distillation Unit Attributes	
OP-UA18 - Surface Coating Operations Attributes	
OP-UA19 - Wastewater Unit Attributes	
OP-UA20 - Asphalt Operations Attributes	
OP-UA21 - Grain Elevator Attributes	
OP-UA22 - Printing Attributes	
OP-UA24 - Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes	
OP-UA25 - Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes	
OP-UA26 - Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes	
OP-UA27 - Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes	
OP-UA28 - Polymer Manufacturing Attributes	
OP-UA29 - Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes	
OP-UA30 - Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semi-chemical Pulp Mill Attributes	
OP-UA31 - Lead Smelting Attributes	
OP-UA32 - Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes	
OP-UA33 - Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes	
OP-UA34 - Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	
OP-UA35 - Incinerator Attributes	
OP-UA36 - Steel Plant Unit Attributes	
OP-UA37 - Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes	
OP-UA38 - Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes OP-UA39 - Sterilization Source Attributes	
OP-UA59 - Stermzation Source Attributes OP-UA40 - Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes	
OP-UA40 - Perroandy Production Facility Attributes OP-UA41 - Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes	
OP-UA42 - Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes	
OP-UA43 - Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes	
OP-UA44 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes	
OP-UA45 - Surface Impoundment Attributes	

- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur

Recovery Plant Attributes

- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/De-painting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes